laine, and Massachusessts distributed her among nearly all the candidates. nam's vote increased, but not materially. When Pennsylvania was reached Senator Quay announced the vote of the State, casting fiftythree for Sherman as before and the other ten scattering. Mr. Johnston demanded a poll of the delegation, which proceeded, much to the disgust of the convention. The poll did not affect the result as announced by Senator Quay, and the ballot was proceeded with. As usual, when Virginia was reached a demand was made

that the delegation be polled.

General Fairchild, of Wisconsin, made the point of order that a call for a poll could not be ade until the vote had been announced, and objection was made to its correctness.

Mr. Wise arose and explained that the Vir-

ginia delegation had been unable to get together and select a chairman to speak for the del-egation. It had been, therefore, agreed that whenever the State is reached, the delegation be led. He asked for unanimous consent that this should hereafter be the practice, and con-

STATES AND TER-	Alger	Allison.	Depew.	Greshan	Harrison	Phelps.	Rusk	Sherma	Blaine	Linealn	McKinle	Miller
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Alaska			1							1		t.
		-	-	-	-	-			-	-	-	1

Total 122 88 91 123 94 5 16 244 35 2 8 2 When this had been announced, Senator Mil ler, of New York, moved that the convention take a recess until 7 o'clock, which was agreed to.

Mr. Depew Withdraws and the Convention Adjourns Until Moreing.

THE NIGHT SESSION.

CHICAGO, June 22 - During the recess the various delegations retired to their halls to talk over the situation and come to some agreement as to the candidate for whom their votes should be cast in case it was found that their first choice had no chance of a selection. The meetings were protracted up to nearly the hour set for the re-assembling of the conand for this reason there were few delegates in the hall at 7 o'clock The friends of Mr. Gresbam were much elated at the recess taken this afternoon, and regarded it as favorable to the chances of their favorite. The recess was taken only after Senator Miller, of New York, and Senator Quay, of Penusylvania, bad sent a message to Senator Farwell, of Illinois, requesting information as to whether such action would be agreeable to the Illinois delegation, and received an affirmative reply.

Speculation is rife as to when the break will come and who will be the recipient of the votes flowing from the disintegration of solidity of the support of the favorite sons, but nothing posited or trustworthy can be gathered and doubt still envelops the situation. It is rumored, however that New York has decided to break to Harrison, in order to prevent an agreement besween the Indiana and Illinois delegations to solidify their strength on either Gresham or Harrison; but it is also stated that this action en the part of the New York delegation will not prevent a split among the Indianians and the transfer of a number of Indiana votes from Harrison to Gresham.

The heat was very great in the Auditorium, and the flutter of fans was incessant. A desire for comfort was stronger with many men in the audience than gallantry toward the ladies, and coats were removed and vests opened; but the desire still remained unsatisfied.

The convention was called to order at 7:15 P. M. by Chairman Estee, who had recovered his voice to a certain degree. The band struck up inspiring national airs, among thom being "Dixie," which, however, did not create the enthusiasm which its every rendition excited at the recent St. Louis convention. "My Country, 'tis of Thee" was more popular, and was greeted with applause, as was also "Marching through

As the music ceased Mr. Depew ascended the platform, and received an enthusiastic ovation from the delegates and audience. He said:

Mr. Chairman and Geutlemen of the Convention-I came here as a delegate at-large from the State of New York, neither expecting nor desiring to appear in this convention or before it in any other capacity. After my arrival the representatives of New York, by a unanimous vote, presented my name to this con-vention. It was done for State reasons, in the belief that because it was the only time since the organization of the Republican party that all divisions could be healed and all interests united in the Empire State, it would secure in that commonwealth the triumph of the ticket. [Applause.] Under those conditions, personal considerations and opinion could have no possible weight. Since then a discussion has arisen which has convinced me that my vocation and associations will raise questions in hitherto Republican States which mught enable the enemy to obscure an States which might enable the enemy to obscure the great issue of the future industrial prosperity of this country [applause] which, unless obscured in some way will surely win us success this fall. [Ap-plause.] The delegates had voted to continue in this port so long as ballots were to be taken, but under the circumstances, after the most earnest and prayerful consideration, I came to the conclusion that an personal consideration, no State reasons, could stand for a mement in the way of the general success of the party all over this country, or could be permitted to threaten the integrity of the party in any common-wealth hitherto Republican. In our own State, by wealth hitherto Republican. In our own State, by wise laws and wiser submission to them by the rail-road companies, the railway problem has been so completely settled that it has disappeared from our politics. [Applause.] But I believe that there are communities where it is still so active that there may be danger in having it presented directly or indirectly. Under these circumstances, and after your vote this morning. I called on the delegation from my own State and requested them to release me from further service in that capacity. They have consented, and my only excuse in appear-They have consented, and my only excuse in appearing here is to give excuse for their action and for the appearance of my name, and to express heartfelt thanks to the gentlemen from the States and Terri-tories who have honored me with their suffrages. The causes which have led to this action on the part of the State of New York, now that their judgment has been arrived at, will leave no heartburnings among people in that State. The delegation will go home to a constituency which will be unanimous in the support of whoever may be the nominee of this convention.

John S. Wise, of Virginia, rose, and on behalf of the Virginia delegation, said that that delegation had elected the following officers: Chairman, John S. Wise; member of the national committee, Morgan Treat; member of the committee to inform the nominees, Harry Libbey.

General Hastings, of Pennsylvania was then recognized by the chairman. He said that he arose in the interest of harmony and cantion, and in what he believed to be the best interest dearest to the convention would be best served by an adjournment until to-morrow morning, in order to give the convention time to have a more thorough understanding and prevent a hasty and unconsidered action. He therefore moved to adjourn natil 10 o'clock to-morrow morning.

and upon his motion be demanded a call of the roll of States. There were at once seconds to this motion from Mr. Filley, of Missouri; Mr. Henderson, of Iowa; Julier, of North Carolina, and King, of Maryland. The roll-call proceeded without incident motification was reached, when a poll of the delegation was demanded. The call disclosed the fact that New York stood 10 in favor of regular campaign character, became reckless

and disorderly, and the speaker could not be Gen. Hasting's motion. Mr. Derew voted "No" leard beyond the platform. Chief Clerk Clisbee, in the absence of any better authorized The result was-Yeas, 535; nays, 282, as folofficial, interrupted in order to inform such of the delegates as remained in their seats that they were at liberty, if they saw fit, to depart States and Territories. and leave the galleries to listen to all the ora-Colorado..... egates began to pass out and the galleries seemed uncertain what to do. Mr. Clisbee took icut..... advantage of this opportune moment and made another announcement. "I am instructed by Florida..... the sergeant-at-arms." he said, "to state that he needs possession of the half in order to prepare it for to-morrow's convention." The galleries lows 2 murmured for a moment, and there were sporatic shouts of "No," "No," but the majority of those present seemed in favor of ending what had degenerated into a disorderly and aimless assemblage, and in a few moments the entire Kansas...... 18 Kentucky 13

New Jersey

lew York..... 10

orth Carolina..... 19

nio 46

hode Island.....

Virginia 10
West Virginia 7

Visconsin.....

Aris na..... 2

District of Columbia......

daho

New Mexico.....

Vyoming 2

The Chair then declared the convention ad-

CHICAGO, June 22. - Immediately after the ad-

journment, the audience set up a wild yell for

Bob Ingersoll, in which many delegates joined.

After withstanding considerable urging, Colonel

Ingersoll stepped out from behind the desk

where he had been sitting, and was received

with enthusiastic cheers. He addressed the

long to the greatest, the grandest party ever or-ganized by the human race [applause]; I belong to that party that is in favor of giv-ing to every human being equal rights with every other, and the mission of the Republican

lace, no single man, whatever his services may be, no single man, whatever his achievements have been,

see two heroes pitted against the two Democrats,

[Great applaase.] I want two patriots against two copperheads. [Great applause.] Then let the American people make their choice. Let them say who they will have, and my idea is this: That a man who did not want to go to Richmond dur-

ing the war should not be sent to Washington now.

ing the war should not be sent to Washington now.
[Applause.] The great thing I want is success; not simply for a party but for my country, and not simply for my country, but for principle, because I believe human liberty is more important than any country on the globe. [Great ppplause.] Now, being a Kepublican, being for the Republican party, being for protection, wishing and hoping for success, I am in favor of the nomination of Waiter Q. Gresham. [Shouts of approval and dissent and great confusion, amidst which could be distinguished calls for Foraker and other favorites, mingled with cries of "Go on," "Go on," "Ingersoll," "Ingersoll," etc.]

Colonel Ingersoll stood smiling and calm amid

the uproar, and after a few moments had

elapsed, he raised his hand, as if thinking to

quell the storm, but the deafening tumult

seemed rather to increase. The orator remained

standing, leaning carelessly against the chair-

man's desk, until it became apparent that the vast crowd had become a mob and was deter-

mined not to listen to the speaker they had so

loudly called for. Then, with an expression of

contempt upon his face, he turned and resumed

his seat on the platform. Still, the discordant

shouts and cries continued. There were calls

for various speakers, but while one part

of the audience were shricking for one man.

Other parts of the audience were vociferating

forcing one orator from the rostrum, but had

lost control of itself, and could not agree upon

his successor. It was as perfect an example of

anarchy as Chicago has seen for many a day.

Finally the massive form of Fred Douglass was

observed at the chairman's deak. The

rugged-faced negro orator, generally so

popular and so able to sway great audiences,

seemed to have lost his magic power, for the

relling crowd refused to obey the gavel as he

vielded it. The clerk had for some moments

been ringing the bell which gave the signal to the orchestra in the gallery, but in the babel the signal had been unheeded. Suddenly the strains of a medley of national airs rang out,

and partial order was restored, but at this point

the California delegation raised a banner in-

scribed "Blaine," and the piercing yells which

greeted this emblem drowned the music and led

Ex-Congressman Fitch, of Nebraska, a man

of gigantic stature and imposing appearance, stood behind the chairman's desk and appealed

for order, but his gavel and pantomime were totally disregarded. Again Fred Douglass took

the gavel, and, perhaps because the people were too tired to continue the demonstration, he suc-

ceeded this time in making himself heard. "I have been promised," he said, "a great pleasure,

and I wish you to enjoy it. Mr. Charles R

Pope, the celebrated actor, will recite 'Sheri-dan's Ride."

Mr. Pope, a man of fine presence, was favor-

ably received by the excited assemblage, namely

in silence, which, under the circumstances, was the greatest approbation that could be signified. He recited the famous poem in stirring and ar-

tistic fashion, receiving a generous round of ap-

Plause at the close of each stanza.

When he had finished, Mr. Douglass again

stepped forward, and said to the now orderly

seemblage: "Fellow-Republicans, there is an

old motto, and old sentiment, to which Americans are expected to subscribe. It is that error may be safely tolerated while truth is left free to sombat it. The right to canvass the policy of public men and of public measures, and to subscribe or to condemn, as the judment of an American administration of the same of

can citizen shall determine, shall not be restrict-

ed. I have the honor, and have been requested, to introduce to you Hon. Thomas Fitch, of the

to a renewal of the confusion.

other names. The crowd had succeeded in

meeting as follows:

urned until 10 o'clock to-morrow morning.

Listening Awhile to Ingersoll.

maylvania 50

nth Carolina..... 12

nessee...... 15 exes...... 11

The National Committee CHICAGO, June 22 - The national Republican committee, as reported to the convention, is as

audience were on their way out and the hall

was quickly cleared.

Al'bama.Wm. Youngblood N. H. Edward H. Rollins Califor'ia. M. H. DeYoung N. J. ... Garret A. Hobart N. O. ... William P. Canada Conn. ... Samnel Fessenden Ohio. ... A. L. Conger Dela're. Daniel J. Clayton Oregon. ... J. Bourne, jr. Fla ... Maj. J. K. A. Russell Georgia ... F. F. Putney R. I. ... Thomas W. Chase Ilhnois ... George R. Davis Indiana ... John C. New Iowa ... J. S. Clarkson Kansas ... Cyrus Leland, jr. Kentucky ... W. C. Goodloe La. ... P. B. S. Pinchlack Maine ... J. M. Hayes Maryland ... Jas. H. Gary Mass'chusst's. H. S. Hyde Michigan ... J. B. Sanborn Minnesots ... R. G. Evans Minnesots ... R. G. Evans Minnesots ... R. G. Evans Mississippid ... James Hill Missouri ... C. I. Filley Nevada ... E. Williams Wyoming ... J. M. Carey

DAILY WEATHER BULLETIN.

Indications. WASHINGTON, June 23-1 A. M

For Indiana and Illinois-Light to fresh nothwesterly winds; fair weather; cooler. For Ohio-Light to fresh southerly wind; coler; local rains, followed by fair weather.
For Wisconsin and Michigan-Light to fresh westerly winds; stationary temperature; fair

Local Weather Report. INDIANAPOLIS, June 22. 7 A. M... 29.81 73 88 South Fair. 0.02 2 P. M... 29.75 86 57 Swest Th'e't'ng T 9 P. M... 29.78 72 88 S'east Fair. 0.64 Maximum thermometer 87; mimimum thermome-

party is not ended until the great Republic s all be civilized. [Cheers.] The mission of that party is not ded until every man beneath her flag not only has ded until every man beneath her flag not only has the right to cast his vote in peace, but to have it counted honestly and in peace. [Cheers.] I am a Republican because that party is pledged to the protection of American labor. [Cheers.] The country that raises raw material and sells it as such, will always be ignorant and poor. [Cheers.] Why? The labor to raise raw material is ignorant labor, but the moment that raw material is worked into fabric, fashioned into beautiful shapes, that requires intelligence; consequently, the greater number of industries we have in the United States, the more intelligent our population will be. [Cheers.] Another reason: Ordinary labor is always cheap; labor commands a price in proportion that the mind is mixed with muscle, in the proportion that thought is mingled with effort. [Cheers.] The people who want us to raise raw material for England—England to manufacture—simply vote for the poverty and ignorance of America [cheers], and for the wealth and intelligence of Great Britain. [Cheers.] I am in favor of protection of American in-Following is a comparative statement of the condiion of temperature and precipitation on June 22, Vormal.... Iean Departure from normal.....

Total excess or deficiency since June 1 *32 Total excess or deficiency since Jan. 1—444 General Observations. WASHINGTON, June 22, 9 P. M. | Bar. |Ther|Wind | Pr. |Weather New York city 29.78 Philadelphia, Pa.... 29.78 82 South Clear. 80 Calm. Fair. 78 Swest Cloudy. 80 S'east Cloudy. 76 S'east Clear. 74 West. .01 Cloudy. 80 West. Fair.

[Cheers.] I am in favor of protection of American industries because it will develop American brain; because under that system, we can raise the most beautiful things beneath the stars, great men and great women. [Tumultuous applause.] Where men pursue but one industry they become stupid. Where the industries are diversified, every part of the brain is developed and we have use for every actitude for every 76 cast. T Cloudy. 74 S'east .18 Fair. 76 South ... Fair. 64 N'wat .44 Rain. veloped, and we have use for every aptitude, for every talent and for every kind of genius. I am in favor Shreveport, La..... 29.82 Fort Smith, Ark.... 29.92 of American protection, because under that policy we have become the richest nation on the globe. [Cheers.] I am in favor of that policy, because we are the most ingenious people who ever lived; because, on the average, we have more sense than any people I have ever happened to meet. [Applause.] I am in favor of that policy because here in the United States we have, on the average, better homes, better clothes and better food and better schools than in any other nation. [Applause.] I believe the hearthstone is the foundation Fort Smith, Ark. 29.92
Little Rock, Ark. 29.80
Galveston, Tex. 29.84
Palestine, Tex. 29.78
Brownsville, Tex. 29.80
Memphis, Tenn. 29.78
Nashville, Tenn. 29.86
Lonisville, Ky. 29.80
Indianapolis, Ind. 29.78
Cincinnati, O. 29.76
Pittsburg, Pa. 29.78 82 South Clear. 74 West. Cloudy. 74 Swest .02 Fair. 72 S'east .64 Fair. 80 N'wat T Fair.

 Cincinnati, O.
 29.78

 Pittsburg, Pa.
 29.82

 Boise, I. T.
 29.82

 Oswego, N. Y.
 29.68

 Toledo, O.
 29.80

 Minnedosa, N. W. T.
 29.42

 plause.] I believe the hearthstone is the foundation of America. [Applause.] I believe the fireside is the altar of the Republic. [Applause.] I am in favor of that policy that will put a roof over the head of every mechanic. [Applause.] I am not only in favor of the Republican party because it is in favor of protecting 74 Calm. Clean 76 Swest Fair. 70 S'east .88 Cloud 54 North .08 Cloudy. Minnedosa, N. W. 1. 29.42
Prince Arthur's L'dg 29.62
Chicago, Ill. 29.74
Milwaukee, Wis. 29.74
Duluth, Minn 29.66
St. Paul, Minn 29.68
La Crosse, Wis 29.76
Davenport, Ia. 29.74
Des Moines, Ia 29.74
Concordia, Kan 29.78
Keokuk, Ia. 29.72
Cairo, Ill. 29.78 industries at home, but I am in favor of that party because it believes in education, because it believes in protecting the rights of American citizens everywhere. 76 East. Fair. I am for that party because it took the last stain from the American flag. [Applause.] I am for that party because it gave feedom not only to four million of people, but to thousands of millions yet unborn. [Applause.] I am in favor of it because you can be a man and belong to it. [Great applause.]

Now, having said this little [cries of "Go on"] I regard the success of the Republican party as the most important thing for the Republic. In the next 72 West. Clear. 74 Swest Clear. 70 Swest Clear. 66 East. Clear.
74 South Clear
74 South Fair.
72 North Clear. 62 Swest .52 Rain. 68 North Clear. 74 Swest Clear. 58 N'wst Fair. no single man, whatever his capacity is, is of the slightest importance compared with the success of the Republican party [Great and continued applause and cheers]; consequently the next question is, who is the most available man, other things being equal! [Cries for "Gresham," "Blaine" and other candidates.] 52 N'wst .02 Rain. I do not care who you are for, or who I am for. The great question is, and that que tion must be settled at the polls, not in the whirlwind of excitement, but after months of discussion, when the hurrah is 50 North .01 Cloudy. 64 Neast Clear. but after months of discussion, when the hurran is out of your lungs and sense is in your brain [applause and laughter]—that question must be settled by the most intelligent men under the flat; and when you can do a thing easily there is no need of straining yourselves. [Laughter.] I would like to see this convention rise to the dignity and splendor of the occasion, and I believe you will. I would like to see you put upon the next ticket two soldiers who helped to save our country. [Great applause.] I would like to 64 East. Clear. 66 Neast Clear

El Paso, Tex....... 29.62 80 N'wst Clear. Sait Lake City, U. T. 29.80 66 North Clear. Santa Fe, N. M. 29.78 68 North Clear. Montrose, Col...... 29.76 64 North Clear. T-Traces of precipitation.

Fort Davis, Tex |29.68

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

80 Neast Clear.

Yesterday morning, "Cooley" Stone, a colored jockey at Coney Island, shot and killed Ernest Miller, a bar-tender at that place, over a dispute regarding beer money. Stone was arrested. The Sutro Canal Company is to be reorganzed. The McCalmont claims of \$1,800,000 are to be compromised for \$900,000, the money to be raised by a syndicate on \$2,000,000 of new

Lucius F. Warren, a United States deputy marshal, was shot dead at Lake Megantic, Ont. yesterday, by a desperado named Donald Morrison, whom he was trying to arrest on a charge

A shifting engine on the Baltimore & Ohio railroad, at Keyser, Md., exploded, yesterday, killing engineer Joseph Bell, of Grafton, and injuring fatally John McNabb, of Winchester, the conductor, and William Baylist, of Keyser, the

A severe windstorm swept over the northern part of Sedgwick county, Kansas, Wednesday night, doing considerable damage, and, it is thought, fatally injuring Mr. and Mrs. Frank Watt. The track of the storm was 300 yards wide and extended over about three miles of ter-

Execution at Louisville.

Louisville, June 22.-Wm. Patterson was hanged this morning at 6:10 o'clock in the yard of the Jefferson county jail. He is a colored man, and was convicted, with another colored man, Albert Turner, of assaulting and fatally beating Miss Jennie Bowman, on April 23, 1887. Miss Bowman was a domestic employed by a family who lived in a fashionable suburb, and the crime was committed about 10 o'clock in the morning. The family were all absent from the house at the time, and no one witnessed the murder. Turner and Patterson were arrested on suspicion, and Turner immediately confessed. Patterson protested his innocence. Turner pleaded guilty, but on the scaffold said Patterson was innocent. He was hung on July 1, 1887. Patterson was tried and convicted, but appealed his case, and the lower court was sustained. The Governor respited him three times, but refused to interfere further. Patterson protested his innocence on the scaffold. He was strangled slowly to death, and four minutes after the drop fell said, "Curse them," and then, "Lord save me." His struggles were frightful. Many people believe firmly in his innocence, and there were strong attempts to secure his pardon.

Sale of the Grant Homestead. Sr. Louis, June 22 .- The old Grant homestead, located four miles from the city limits on the Gravois read, was sold yesterday by Chauncey M. Depew to satisfy a mortgage held by W. H. Vanderbilt. The farm consisted of 750 acres, and was mortgaged to Vanderbilt at the time of the Grant & Ward failure. It was bought by L. H. Conn, of this city, for \$70,000. He proposes to make a fine, stock farm of it. The farm originally belonged to the Dent fam-

Honeymoon "Say, Perkins, old boy, why don't we see you at the club any more? Has your mother in-law shut down on you? "No, Brown; the fact of the matter is my home is so happy now that there is no inducement for me to leave it. You look incredulous, but it's a positive fact. You see, my wife used to suffer so much from functional derangements common to her sex that her spirits and her temper were greatly affected. It was not her fault, of course, but it made home unpleasant all the same. But now, since she has beenn to take Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription she has been so well and so happy that we are having our honeymoon all over again."

INDIANA AND ILLINOIS NEWS

The Daily Chronicle of Happenings of Various Kinds in the Two States.

Searching for a Mysteriously Missing Girl -Commencement at Spiceland-Brakeman Killed-Notes and Gleanings.

INDIANA.

Searching for a Missing Girl-Fears that She Has Taken Her Life, pecial to the Indianaporis Journal

MONTPELIER, June 22. - There is a furor of excitement six miles northwest of this city today. Anna Alfred mysteriously disappeared yesterday morning from the residence of Mrs. Martha Bails. Anca came from the Cincinnati Home in November, 1886, to live with Mrs. Bails, and is seventeen years old. She is small, blonde and very handsome. The evening before Anna was slightly scolded for riding a short distance with a stranger, who came up to her as she was walking home and invited her to a seat in the buggy beside him. In the morning she got breakfast, and was seen in the direction of the woods. She wore an old blue calico dress and was bare-headed. A small party were searching yesterday, and found a morphine label on the line of the route she was seen to take through the woods. The alarm became general, word came here this morning, and thousands have now joined in the search which is being made to-day. The young lady was a favorite in society, and no reason, except the slight scolding referred to, can be given for the rash act.

Commencement at Spiceland Academy.

special to the Indianapolis Journal SPICELAND, June 22 .- This week has been the end of the school year at Spiceland Academy. The past two weeks have been spent in written examinations. To-day was the eighteenth annual commencement. The class of '88, numbered twelve, and their exercises were as follows:

Professor Newlin delivered the address to the lass. An immense crowd was in attendance. The alumni meeting was last night, Prof. O. C. Steele being the orator of the occasion. Rev. accalaureate sermon to the class last Sabbath. The alumni are holding a reunion and banquet this evening in a grove near by. The attendance the past year has been very large and the school a great success. Many former students and friends from a distance are in attendance.

Gas at Union City.

special to the Indianapolls Journal Union City, June 22. - Union City furnishes mother verification of the old adage, "The first shall be last." Being the first town in the State to bore for gas, it is the last to find it. Last evening the workmen at the well on the Jackson farm, just southeast of town, entered Trenton rock, and the flow of gas soon became so strong as to compel the stopping of work until to-day. They are now going down further, with increasing flow and every indication that the well will be valuable.

The Alleged Murderers of Ballard.

special to the Indianapolis Journal. SHOALS, June 22 .- Wm. Stanfield and John Stone, in jail for the murder of Jack Ballard, in March, 1864, were to-day brought, on a writ of habeas corpus, before Judge Hefron Their bail had been set at \$10,000 but, after hearing- the case, the court set their bail at \$4,000. They have been in jail since their arrest, in March, being unable to give the required bail. Stone is a resident of Illinois. while Stanfield is a resident of this county. Their trial is set for September.

Brakeman Killed.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal TERRE HAUTE, June 22 .- Den Early, one of the widest-known men in Terre Haute, was run over by a Vandalia freight train, to-day, losing a leg, which resulted in his death, to-night. He was a brakeman on the train.

Minor Notes. Bernard Howe, of Kentland, attending the

Chicago convention, was struck by a grip car Wednesday, receiving injuries that caused death Thursday.

Yesterday afternoon, at Greeneastle, during a severe rain and thunder-storm lighting struck David White, a laborer, seriously if not fatally injuring him.

Frank Jones, colored, who escaped from the prison at Frankfort, Ky., in 1885, was arrested at Bedford on Wednesday by Deputy Sheriff Day, and the marshal of New Albany started with him for Kentucky. Mrs. Blackman, wife of John Blackman, pri

vate secretary to General Superintendent Stevens, of the Wabash railway, died in Peru on Wednesday night, after a brief illness, aged twenty-two years. Interment will occur at John Murray, a peddier bailing from Cincin-

nati, stopped at the Half-way House in Mudlick

Jefferson county, Wednesday night. Next morning he decamped with the landiady's pocketbook, containing over \$100. He was overtaken, the money recovered, and he was lodged in jail The excitement in Brown county over the discovery of gold in large quantities along Bean Blossom creek remains unabated. The people have nearly all left their homes and crops and are searching for nuggets and washing the black sand, which is mixed with dust found along the

stream. One man accumulated \$350 of gold in three weeks' labor. There can be no doubt but that the find is a valuable one. At the recent meeting of the alumni of Wabash College, Rev. J. H. Meteer, of Sullivan, was chosen to deliver the address next year. A. W. Knight, of Brazil, was instructed to prepare a memorial of Thos. S. Wilson, and W. H. Scofield, of New York city, is to prepare a memorial of E. H. Marshall. The association sent greetings to Rev. Silas Jessup, of Rockton, Ill., the surviving member of the first grad-

tor the ensuing year. ILLINOIS.

nating class. The same officers were re-elected

One Boy Instantly Killed and Another Badly Injured by Lightning.

badly shocked, but probably not fatally.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal MARSHALL, June 22.-In Dolson township, last evening, during a terrific thunder-storm, the two young sons of Sol. Beatty were in a smekehouse adjoining the dwelling, when the build-ing was struck by lightning. A hole was torn in the roof and both boys were knocked down. One of them was instantly killed, and the other

Brief Mention. King Black, twelve years old, was drowned in

Big Muddy river, near Murphysboro. Mrs. Robert McConnell, of Alma, near Salem fell while picking cherries and broke her neck A whirlwind in Litchfield Thursday afternoon did \$1,500 damage to the car-works and adjacent property.

Copious rains in central Illinois did much good to crops. In and around Springfield, however, the storm was so severe that much damage was Sparta's big gas well is to be cased. It gives

forth a flame thirty feet high from a two-inch pipe. The well is 850 feet deep and the pressure is estimated at 250 pounds. The Rev. Dr. Walter M. Barrows, at present Secretary of the Home Union Society, of New York city, has accepted a call to become the pastor of the Second Congregational Church, of

Rockford, at a salary of \$3,000. At Elgin John Wait, who became a resident of Chicago in 1834, died yesterday, aged eighty. He was the father of W. T. Wait, and of the wife of Hon. H. B. Willis. He was one of the oldest members of the Calumet Club, and built

the first jail in Chicago. The Southern Illinois Millers' Association met in Chester and elected the following officers: A. J. Meek, of Marissa, president; Mr. Johnson, of Centralia, vice-preident; Jacob Koenigsmark, of Waterloo, secretary, and an executive com-mittee consisting of H. C. Cole, Chester; J. Reickart, Freeburg, and Duckworth, of Pinck-

Fourteen Lives Lost.

neyville.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 22.-The steamer Berths, which has arrived from Kurlek, Alaska, brought three of the sailors of the cod-fishing schooner Isabel, which encountered a gale, May 1, and on the 3d had to be abandoned. The men took to the boats, but in a storm got separated. The eight skiffs which contained the nineteen men on board the Isabel at first divided

themselves into two parties of four skiffs. After being out three days two of the men went mad from the hardships endured and had to be put in separate beats, and soon were drowned. When another boat capsized, Captain Nickerson, in trying to save the lives of the men, was drowned, as were also the men which he tried to rescue. It is believed that the men in two boats which got separated from the others were also drowned, making fourteen who lost their

Miami University.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. Oxford, O., June 22.-The name of one Gen. Ben Harrison appears sometimes in the Journal. In 1852 be graduated from this university, and you may wish to hear of the health of his alma mater. She has watched his career with great interest, though she has many other illustrious children. He found his accomplished wife here, the daughter of Prof. John W. Scott. In law, war and politics he has done more than well. There is no stain or suspicion of impurity on his moral and religious character. We think he has not yet reached the highest possibilities

of his grand capacity.

But I merely intended to say that this is commencement week in "Old Miami." Not to exhaust the fruitful theme I will only remind your readers that Oxford is a college town. It went "dry" at a recent well-contested election, which indicates its politics, and one very great induce-ment is offered to parents to send their sons and daughters to these literary institutions.

For a number of years this university has been suspended for the purpose of accumulating capital. Three years ago it was reopened and has had small but respectable classes. Three graduates were sent forth with the usual commencement exercises to-day. There were the ordinary -perhaps more than ordinary-rumors of what the board of trustees were about. But the actual decision astonished everybody and will be watched with interest. All the professors' chairs were vacated, and a president only elected. This was Mr. E. Dudley Warfield, a lawyer of Lexington, Ky. He is a son-in-law of the famous Dr. Robert J. Breekinridge. Shortly the board will reassemble and if all is satisfactory. Mr. Warfield accepting, the chairs vacated will be filled. No doubt literary circles will be somewhat agitated by this state of the university, and it is possible there may be some electioneering.

Three Boys Drowned. PHILADELPHIA, Pa., June 22.-Four boys. named Willie Croley, his brother Arthur, Frank Wright and John Edmunds, went bathing in the canal, this afternoon, and after they of the upon a log which was lying close to the bank. While playing on it the log rolled over and threw the youngeters into the stream. Before assistance could reach them all were drowned.

Steamship News. NEW YORK, June 22.-Arrived: Trave, from Bremen; Adriatic, from Liverpool SOMETHING IN A NAME.

The Advantage to One's Personality of Bearing a Euphonious Name. Atlantic Monthly.

Writers spend much time and thought in se lecting a name for a play or novel, for they know that success is largely dependent on it. Parents, however, are strangely careless and unscientific in giving names to children. In the Harvard and Yale catalogues of last year I find but two or three really good combinations. Usually, when a newcomer arrives, some old family name is taken; or if the parents exercise an original choice, they are two much excited to be guided by any sorud euphonic principles. They forget that not only from the social point of view it is very advantageous to have one's name re-membered, but that from the business point of view notoriety is capital, and must be obtained by persistent and ingenious advertising. But if a certain amount of notoriety could be obtained for John Smith by an expenditure of time, money and ingenuity represented by x, and spread over a period of three years, it is safe to say that the same amount could be obtained for Hans Arrowsmith by x-4 in eighteen months. Nor is the saving of time and money on the part of the knocker at the gate of notoriety the only thing to be considered, for, from the altruistic point of view, the lessening of the effort of recollection on the part of the world is far more important. The economy of the public stock of energy wasted in innumerable unconscious efforts to remember a name without any corners for the memory to grasp, but persistently thrust before it, would result in an increase of an available mental force applicable to settling the question of future pro-bation, or to raising the ethical standard, or to reforming the tariff, or to disposing of the sur-plus. The importance of the subject leads me to suggest one or two of the chief fundamental

The system is simple, and any provident parent can easily master and apply it.

1. Avoid odd, or eccentric, or poetic combinations, and be guided by suph mic quality only. It is true that an odd name may be remembered. but the associations with it will not be pleasing. The idea of oddity or affectation may attach to the shadowy personality built up in the mind of the public. Under this rule, hyphenated names, especially hyphenated Christian names, like Floyd-Jones Robinson, are to be avoided. Writing the first given name with an initial and the second in full is also evidently opposed to

principles of the science of naming children.

correct scientific principles. 2. The best form of name is a dactyl and spondee, like "Jeremy Taylor." Every one has heard of the "Shakspeare of divines," and has a dim idea of an agreeable personality attached to the name. Had his name been Charles Taylor, it is far within bounds to say that his reputation would be about one-third of what it is

3. If the surname is not one that can be treated according to the above rule, it should be fitted with a given name, such as to bring the combination as nearly as possible to the above length and cadence, as Sidney Dobell, Ellery Vane, Henry Ward Beecher, Danta Rossetti, Theodore Watts, and the like; or, otherwise, to two long syllables, like Mark Twain or Bret Harte. The subdivisions of this branch of the subject are too numerous to be given, but all rest on principal No. 2. The phonic value of the surname is, under our custom, the controlling element in practically applying the science

The great value of names beginning with Mac or O is evident, because they so readily combine with the ordinary Christian names. Any one would be favorably disposed to Arthur O'Connor, for instance. A boy pervades our quiet neighborhood simply because his name is Johnny Mac Whorter. He is not in any respect a remarkable boy, but his name forces him into prominence by its phonic value. There are some ten or twelve boys who are comrades, but he and another dactyl-spondee boy, Emory Watson, are the only ones ever spoken of. No doubt there are others who do as much mischief and make more noise, but these two reap all the

A Lock of Hair.

San Francisco Chronicle. They were about to be engaged. They had drifted into it, don't you know. It kind of happened. He was lonely, and he kept going out to the house and making himself as agreeable as possible until he had to do something. He hadn't asked her for anything in the way of a keepsake. He had in the very early Platonic days, when he told her she was a kind of a sister to him, given her an account of his previous love affairs, that is, some of them. The ending of them was all plausible and creditable to him, and, of course, she didn't ask the other girls. The stories would have been different. "Yes," he said, "I have only one souvenir, one little lock of hair. Miss --- gave it to me."

And he brought it up and showed it. "I cut it myself off her pale white brow. She must have cared a great deal for me, even when we quarreled, for she let me keep it. She never asked it back."

"Let me see it."

"That's easily explained," said the young lady. "It's my hair. The hairdresser kept my hair once when she cut it off, and she told me afterward she had made a lovely front out of it and

He was brave. He had presence of mind. "Dearest," he said, "I knew there was some thing magnetic about that lock of hair. I will keep it for your sake." "No; let me give you a piece of the new crop."

Fighting Over the Graves. London Telegraph.

Marble-cutters and funeral monument-makers

in Paris and other places employ a kind of agent who is facetiously called a trompe-lamort, and whose duty it is to obtain orders for his employers from persons who are about to bury a friend or relative. These lugubrious industriels have recently plied their trade with such competitive vigor outside the town hall of Neuilly that grave scandals bave been caused and the Mayor of Neuilly has been obliged to issue a formidable ukase against them. The trompes-la-mort usually hung about the town hall in fine weather, and pounced upon the people who were going to register a death. An opulent-looking mourner, who would in all probability give good orders for funeral decorations and monuments, was pestered as much as if he had fallen among Bedouins. In wet weather the trompe-la-mort sat in the wise abops, from the windows whereof they watched their prey like valtures, and is frequently happened that

in the headlong race for custom free fights took place among the messengers of the marbriers and that language of an unrefined order often fell upon the ears of respectable people. M. Le Maire has therefore done well to bring these gentry to their senses and to put an end to their unseemly quarrels and competitions.

ETIQUETTE AT CABINET DINNERS.

Its Disregard by the Whitneys and the Socia! Commotion in Consequence. Washington Letter in Springfield Republican.

The old etiquette, making an invitation to meet the President a command, was for the first time ignored last season. To make all other invitations and engagements subservient to an invitation to meet the President is an stiquette beginning as far back as Washington's time. Sickness or some other equally good reason has been alone sufficient cause for declining such an invitation. But last winter it happened that at every dinner but one, given at a Cabinet house in honor of the President, Secretary and Mrs. Whitney were absent. The single exception was the dinner given at their own house, in honor of the President. When I say the President's wife is included. It is an old custom for each member of the Cabinet to give a dinner to the President, once in the season. The mistress of the White House, whether wife or sister, shares the honor. The Secretary of State gives the first dinner, and each Cabinet officer follows in turn, according to the order of precedence, or sometimes convenience. It was a subject of comment at the time that

when Secretary Bayard gave his dinner early in the season, Secretary and Mr. Whitney were engaged at a dinner-party of their own at home. It was said the Cabinet dinner invitations were out two weeks, and therefore there was ample time for Secretary and Mrs. Whitney to have changed the date of their own digner-party had they wished to do so. But they did not change date and as they could not be at two dinners at the same hour they declined the invitation to Secretary Bayard's dinner. The flurry of this breach of etiquette, as it was termed, had no sooner subsided than another flurry blew up when at the next Cabinet dinner to the President, Secretary and Mrs. Whitney again declined. It happened also that on the same evening they gave a dinner at their own house, and for the second time it was an apparent coincidence. Precisely the same thing happened at the third Cabinet dinner to the President. There were five dinners in all. Secretary and Mrs. Whitney were present at one out of the five. This one was given at their own house. By the time they had declined four and had also on each of the four evenings given opened their eyes, and then opened their months and began to talk, and declare these things could not be accidental, but were done for a purpose. The last Cabinet dinner to he Pres dent was given at the Postmaster ... unoral's house. That evening Secretary and Mrs. Whitney gave a dinner, followed by a musica's, at their own house. After the Postmastergeneral's dinner, the President and his wife and several other guests went over to Mrs. Whitney's musicals. This was taken as proof of good feeling, and society people concluded whatever cause it was that kept Secretary and Mrs. Whitney away from the Cabinet dinners, it certainly could not be associated with the President and his wife. Whatever it is, it is in the Cabinet circle and not in the White House. But where in the Cabinet circle? And what is the skeleton in the Cabinet closet? It is no insignificant skeleton when a Cabinet officer and his wife coolly put under their feet a law of etiquette as old as the Republic itself. It has not been handled by gossiping people only. But it has been grave enough to be discussed by men and women in high places, who have wondered, gone over the ground calmly, and drawn their own conclusions.

A Gift from General Sherman's Wife.

Augusta (Ga.) Chronicte. A few days ago, much to the surprise of Father McCarthy of Darien, Mrs. General Sherman, of Washington, D. C., sent him a very elaborate gold monstrance of Munich design, studded with rubies and precious stones. Surrounding the Luna, which is in the centre of the monstrance, are wheat sheaves and grapes in bas-relief, these being emblematic of the blessed Eucharist, which the monetrance contains. The gold cross surmounting the mon-strance is studded with four brilliant rubies, in the centre of which is a sparkling diamond symbolizing the four evangelists and the Savior in their midst. From the aperture in the center, and in relief of the rubies and diamonds, are radii of golden rays, emblematic of so many rays of heavenly light from the Savior's breast. The base of the lovely altar utensil is of massive gold. The height from base to pinnacle is two feet or more, and the monstrance itself is certainly a masterpiece of art. It is used only when benediction of the blessed sacrament is given or during times of war and pestilence. Father McCarthy values the present very highy, but with characteristic generosity he has lonated it to the chapel, which he evidently is determined to make second to none in point of

Little U. S. G. Bridgeport (Conn. , Standard.

It was stated last evening that Col. Frederick Grant had accepted an invitation to be present on the Fourth of July to witness the big Bridgeport parade. He will bring with him his little son, U. S. Grant, who was born on the Fourth of July, seven years ago. The little fellow has attended two or three Independence Day celebrations, and believes the demonstrations are prepared especially to celebrate his birthday. He wanted to go to West Point this year, as they made the biggest racket, but he was told that Bridgeport would make as big a fues as any place ever did, and he consented to come and try it. He will be provid carriage, and some sweet little Bridgeport miss of six or seven years will ride with him.

The Temperance Politician.

Chicago Mail. The effort making to inject temperance into the platform is laudable. Temperance never hurt anybody. It sometimes plays smash with parties for the time being, but in its application as to individuals temperance is a good thing. The trouble with temperance politicians is that they are usually intemperate and impolitic. They roam about under the belief that their mission is to chasten the old parties, and they are indiseriminate and not always judicious in the employment of the rod they have constantly in pickle. Their political friendship is feared by practical politicians almost as much as their enmity. This is a disgusting and disagreeable

Flags for the Public Schools.

New York Special. Public-school No. 75, in Norfork street, near Grand street, is in the very center of the foreign population of the East Side, many of its pupils being children of Polish Jews. To day American flags, the gift of Joseph Bellows, chairman of the board of trustees, were presented with appropriate exercises to both the grammar departments of the school. All the trustees were present. The boys, each wearing red, white and blue ribbons, sang "The Red, White and Blue." Ferdinand Baltes made the address of presentation. The visitors then repaired to the primary department, where another flag was presented.

Want of Sleep

Is sending thousands annually to the insane asylum; and the doctors say this trouble is alarmingly on the increase. The usual remedies, while they may give temporary relief, are likely to do more harm than good. What is needed is an Alterative and Blood-purifier. Ayer's Sarsaparilla is incomparably the best. It corrects those disturbances in the circulation which cause sleeplessness, gives increased vitality, and restores the nervous system to a healthful

Rev. T. G. A. Coté, agent of the Mass. Home Missionary Society, writes that his stomach was out of order, his sleep very often disturbed, and some impurity of the blood manifest; but that a perfect cure was obtained by the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

Frederick W. Pratt, 424 Washington street, Boston, writes: "My daughter was prostrated with nervous debility. Ayer's Sarsaparilla restored her to

William F. Bowker, Erie, Pa., was cured of nervousness and sleeplessness by taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla for about two months, during which time his weight increased over twenty pounds.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

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